

**AMERICAN UNIVERSITY**  
**School of International Service**  
**North American Security Issues**

Fall 2006- Wednesday, 5:30-8:00 pm.

Dr. Raúl Benítez Manaut, Visiting Professor, School of International Service and Senior Fellow, Center for North American Studies

**Email: [raulmanaut@hotmail.com](mailto:raulmanaut@hotmail.com)**

August 28- December 18, 2006

SIS-496.002, North American Security Issues

***PURPOSE OF THE COURSE***

This course will analyze the most important security issues in North America since the end of the cold war, the emergence of economic regionalism, and the onset of 9/11. Until the mid-1980s and the negotiations for a North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), Canada and Mexico often tried to keep the United States at “arms length” for fear of being dominated by the superpower neighbor. Canada had a security relationship with the United States through NATO and NORAD, and Mexico, Canada, and the United States were partners in the Rio Pact on collective security in the Americas. But in reality, all three countries defined their own security path. This course will explore the underlying reasons for the divergence and the evolution in the past decade toward more common approaches to security. It will review the forces of integration and the forces of nationalism.

We will analyze the definitions of security of the three countries. There are two conflicting definitions of security. On the one hand, Canada and Mexico promote a broad concept known as “multidimensional security”, “human security” and “integral security”. On the other hand, the United States sees security issues more related to defense, intelligence and law enforcement. What are the instruments for collaboration or differing approaches? In the beginning of the XXI century, partly because of the attacks of September 11<sup>th</sup>, the US government is transforming its defense, intelligence and security structures to give greater emphasis to the defense of the homeland. Canada has witnessed similar changes – adapting the federal government structures to the new conditions, though not to the same degree. This could be explained by domestic politics and the different perspectives of the three countries.

The three countries face common security challenges but the policy responses are different. For example, they have different approaches to international security related to the balance between multilateralism and unilateralism. Border security is an important issue for the three countries, and there are trilateral and binational agreements. However, disagreements exist regarding the treatment of the Mexico-US border and the Mexico-Central America border. Also, there are conflicting approaches to terrorism and international peacekeeping. For Mexico the main challenge is related to public security and drugs.

In summary, the course will analyze the prospects and obstacles for North American integration on security matters. Also, the course will take into account other cooperation and integration experiences like the debate over hemispheric security, the Mercosur confidence-building measures, and the European experience, in which the building of a common security defense and foreign policy is another step in achieving a full European Union.

## **SYLLABUS**

*AUGUST 30, 2006*

### **Introduction to North American Security: Theoretical and historical issues. Definition of Security**

Robert A. Pastor, *Toward a North American Community. Lessons from the Old World for the New* (2001), Institute for International Economics, Washington DC.  
Chapters: 1 & 2: pp: 1-39

Douglas J. Murray & Paul R. Viotti, (editors) *The Defense Policies of Nations. A Comparative Study* (1994 third edition), The Johns Hopkins University Press, London. Introduction (Pp:xvii-xxiv), Chapter 1 "International relations and the defense policies of nations: international anarchy and the common problem of Security" (pp. 3-16).

*SEPTEMBER 6*

### **Defense, Security and Foreign Policy of the USA in historical perspective.**

S. Nelson Drew (editor) *NSC-68. Forging the Strategy of Containment*, Institute for National Strategic Studies, National Defense University, Washington, D. C., 1996.

S. Nelson Drew "The Legacy of NSC-68", pp. 1-6.

Paul H. Nitze "The Grand Strategy of NSC-68", pp. 7-16; "Postscript to NSC-68: Toward a New National Security Strategy", pp. 131-136.

Douglas J. Murray & Paul R. Viotti, (editors) *The Defense Policies of Nations. A Comparative Study (1994 third edition)*, The Johns Hopkins University Press, London. Chapter 2 "The United States", (pp. 19-56).

Sam Sarkesian, John Allen Williams & Stephen J. Cimbala *U.S. National Security. Policy Makers, Processes, and Politics*, Lynne Rienner Publishers, Boulder & London, 2002. (Part 1 & 2, pp. 3-178. "Introduction" & "The National Security Establishment")

*The White House, (September 2002), The National Security Strategy of the United States of America*, Washington DC.

*The White House, (March 2006), The National Security Strategy of the United States of America*, Washington DC.

**SEPTEMBER 13**

**Defense, Security and Foreign Policy of Canada in historical perspective.**

Douglas J. Murray & Paul R. Viotti, (editors) *The Defense Policies of Nations. A Comparative Study (1994 third edition)*, The Johns Hopkins University Press, London. Chapter 3 "Canada", (pp. 57-93).

Kim Richard Nossal, *The politics of Canadian Foreign Policy* (1989), Prentice-Hall Canada Inc., Scarborough, Ontario. Chapter 3 "Power and Foreign Policy", (pp. 45-85)

**SEPTEMBER 20**

**Defense, Security and Foreign Policy of Mexico in historical perspective.**

Raúl Benitez Manaut "Sovereignty, Foreign Policy, and National Security in Mexico", in H.P Klepak (editor), *Natural allies? Canadian and Mexican perspectives on International Security* (1996) Carleton University Press, Ottawa. (pp. 57-87)

**SEPTEMBER 27**

**The idea of North America: Negotiating NAFTA and its Implications for Security.**

Council on Foreign Relations Independent Task Force Report No. 53, "Building a North American Community", 2005, pp. 1-12.

Recommended: Pastor, Robert A. and Rafael Fernández de Castro (editors) *The Controversial Pivot: The U.S. Congress and North America*, Brookings Institution Press, Washington D.C., 1998.

**OCTOBER 4**

**The End of the Cold War. Canada, Mexico and Latin America in the 1990s. Redefining hemispheric security.**

Robert A. Pastor *Exiting the Whirlpool: U.S. Foreign Policy Toward Latin America and the Caribbean* (Colorado: Westview Press, 2001, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition). Chapters 13-14, pp. 257-315.

**OCTOBER 11**

**The Clinton years. The end of the Cold War, the new multilateralism and the rise of geoeconomics.**

Andrew J. Bacevich, *American Empire. The Realities & Consequences of U.S. Diplomacy* (Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 2002. Chaps: 2 and 3: "Globalization and its Conceits", pp. 32-54, and "Policy by Default", pp. 53-78.

Joseph S. Tulchin & Ralph H. Espach (editors), *Latin America in the new international system*, (2000) Lynne Rienner, United States of America. Chaps: 1, 8, and 9, pp. 1-33; Robert O. Keohane "Between Vision and Reality: Variables in Latin American Foreign Policy", pp. 207-214; Ernest R. May "Beyond Neoliberalism: A Long-Term Perspective on Regional Strategic Thinking", pp. 215-218.

**OCTOBER 18**

**NAFTA and Security: NAFTA-plus? Is it time to incorporate defense and security agreements?**

Peter Andreas and Thomas J. Biersteker (editors), *The Rebordering of North America. Integration and Exclusion in a New Security Context*, (2003) Routledge, New York, Chapter 1: Peter Andreas "A tale of Two borders: the U.S.-Canada and U.S.-Mexico lines After 9-11", pp. 1-23.

Chapter 2: Athanasios Hristoulas "Trading Places: Canada, Mexico, and north American Security", pp. 24-45.

Chapter 6: "The False Conundrum: continental Integration versus Homeland Security", pp. 110-127.

OCTOBER 25

**Post 9/11 – New issues for national, regional and hemispheric security: the rise of terrorism.**

Philip B. Heymann, *Terrorism and America. A Commonsense Strategy for a Democratic Society* (1998), MIT Press, Cambridge & London.

Caps 1 to 4: pp. 1-64.

Raphael Perl, (March 2003), *Terrorism, the future and U.S foreign policy*, Congressional Research Service the Library of Congress.

Recommended:

Richard A. Clarke, *Against all enemies. Inside America's war on terror*, (2004) Free Press, New York.

Russell D. Howard and Reid L. Sawyer, *Terrorism and counterterrorism. Understanding the new security environment* (2004), McGraw-Hill companies.

NOVEMBER 1

**The first response: Patriot Act.**

Howard Ball *The USA Patriot Act. A Reference Handbook*, Contemporary world Issues, Santa Barbara, California, 2004.

Chapters 1-3. pp. 1-103.

NOVEMBER 8

**NORAD, Northcom, the US military transformation, and the Smart Border Agreements.**

Hans Binnendijk (editor), *Transforming America's Military*, (second printing 2003) National Defense University Press, Washington DC, "Introduction", pp. xvii-xxxi; Chapter 1, "Assessing New Missions", pp. 3- 30; Chapter 3, "Choosing a Strategy", pp. 57-97.

Clark A. Murdock (lead investigator), (2004) *Beyond Goldwater-Nichols. Defense Reform for a New Strategic Era*. CSIS, Washington, DC.

Raúl Benítez Manaut and Carlos Rodríguez "Homeland Security in North America: From NAFTA to the Security and Prosperity Partnership of North America", in Jordi Díez (editor) *Canadian and Mexican Security in the New North America. Challenges and Prospects*, Queen's University, Montreal, 2006, pp. 25-38.

WEB PAGES: NORAD, NORTHCOM, US COAST GUARD, NDU

NOVEMBER 15

**NAFTA and international security. Misperceptions and disagreements over the UN, Afghanistan and Iraq.**

Loretta Bondi *Beyond the Border and Across the Atlantic. Mexico's Foreign and Security Policy Post-September 11<sup>th</sup>*, Center for Transatlantic Relations, The Johns Hopkins University, Washington, 2004, Chapter 4, "Mexico and the US: A Marriage of Necessity", pp. 69-92.

Raúl Benítez-Manaut *Mexico and the New Challenges of Hemispheric Security*, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, Washington, D.C., 2004. Chapters 1-3, pp. 1-64.

*The responsibility to protect. Report of the International Commission on Intervention and State Sovereignty* (2001), Ottawa.

Andrew Selee (editor), *Perceptions and Misconceptions in U.S.-Mexico Relations* (2005) Woodrow Wilson Center, Washington DC, Chapter 1, Enrique Krauze, pp. 9-15; Chapter 2, Richard Rodríguez, "The New Geography of North America"; Chapter 6, Jesús Reyes Heróles "Changing Perceptions"; Chapter 7 Jeff Davidow "Towards A New Vision for North America".

NOVEMBER 22

**The social issues: the link between migration and security.**

Doris Meissner "On the Fence" *Foreign Policy*, March/April 2002.

Samuel P. Huntington "The Hispanic Challenge", *Foreign Policy*, March/April, 2004.

Nicholas De Genova & Ana Y. Ramos-Zayas (editors), *Latino Crossings. Mexicans, Puerto Ricans and the Politics of Race and Citizenship* (2003) Routledge, London.

*National Strategy for Homeland Security*, (July 2002) Office of Homeland Security Washington DC.

*The White House, (September 2002), The National Security Strategy of the United States of America*, Washington DC.

*The White House, (March 2006), The National Security Strategy of the United States of America*, Washington DC.

NOVEMBER 29

**The new transnational and non-state challenges to North American security. Organized crime and drug trafficking.**

John Bailey and Roy Godson (editors), *Organized Crime & democratic Governability* (2003), University of Pittsburgh Press, United States of America.

Felia Allum and Renate Siebert (editors), *Organized Crime and the challenge to Democracy*, (2003) Routledge Press and Book Now, Great Britain.

Colleta A. Youngers & Eileen Rosin (editors), (2005) *Drugs and democracy in Latin America*, Lynne Rienner Boulder-, London.  
Chapters 1-3. pp. 1-98.

DECEMBER 6

**Military bilateral and trilateral relations. Military and defense agreements, formal and informal, among the three countries.**

Roderic Ai Camp, *Mexico's Military on the Democratic Stage* (2005), Preager Security International and the Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington DC.

*Always near, always far: the armed forces in México* (1999), Global Exchange, Centro de Investigaciones Políticas y Economicas de Acción Comunitaria A. C. , CENCOS.

"Security and Governance: The Urgent Need for a State Reform". En Joseph Tulchin and Andrew Selee (Editors) *Mexico's Politics and Society in Transition*, op. cit. Biblio.

DECEMBER 13

**The Mexican transition and the balance between nationalism and globalization. National Security case study in Mexico: the Chiapas crisis.**

Raúl Benítez-Manaut "Chiapas: Crisis and Disruption of Social Cohesion. Challenges for Negotiations in the Twenty-First Century". In Moufida Goucha and Francisco Rojas Aravena (Editors) *Human Security, Conflict Prevention and Peace*, UNESCO/FLACSO Chile, Santiago, 2003, pp. 209-234.

Raúl Benítez Manaut, Andrew Selee and Cynthia J. Arnson "Frozen Negotiations. The peace process in Chiapas", **Mexican Studies/Estudios Mexicanos**, Vol. 22, No. 1, Winter 2006, pp. 127-147.

David Ronfeldt et. Al. *The Zapatista Social Netwar in Mexico*, Rand Arroyo Center, Santa Monica, 1998. Chapter 3 “Emergence of the Zapatista Net War”, pp. 23-44.

#### *DECEMBER 18*

#### **General debate, prospective and conclusions.**

David Held & Mathias Koenig-Archibugi (editors) *American Power in the 21th Century*, Polity Press, Cambridge, UK, 2004.

G. John Ikenberry “Liberal Hegemony or Empire? American Power in the Age of Unipolarity”, pp. 83-113.

Joseph S. Nye Jr. “Hard Power, Soft Power and ‘The war on terrorism’”, pp. 114-133.

Robert J. Art, *A Grand Strategy for America*, Cornell University Press, 2003.

Cap. 1: “The International Setting”, pp.12-44

Cap. 2: “Americas National Interest”, pp. 45-81.

#### **REQUIREMENTS:**

1) This is an advanced Course. You are expected to do all the assigned readings and come to class prepared to engage actively in discussions. Each student will give a brief (10-15 minute) presentation in class based on preliminary research for the final paper. At the end of September all the students will choose the topic for their research paper. Participation will count as 30% of your final grade.

2) Four two-page position papers based on weekly course readings of your choice. This will not be graded but must be completed and handed in the day of the assigned reading in order to receive a final grade.

3) A final research paper (10-15 pages) based on a topic developed from course materials. It will count as 70% of your final grade.

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Olga Abizaid Bucio (2004), *The Canadá- Mexico Relationship: the unfinished highway*, FOCAL policy paper, Ottawa.

Roderic Ai Camp, *Mexico’s Military on the Democratic Stage* (2005), Preager Security International and the Center for Strategic and International Studies, Washington DC.

*Always near, always far: the armed forces in México (1999)*, Global Exchange, Centro de Investigaciones Políticas y Economicas de Acción Comunitaria A. C. , CENCOS.

Felia Allum and Renate Siebert (editors), *Organized Crime and the challenge to Democracy*, (2003) Routledge Press and Book Now, Great Britain.

Robert J. Art, *A Grand Strategy for America*, Cornell University Press, 2003.

Peter Andreas and Thomas J. Biersteker (editors), *The Rebordering of North America. Integration and Exclusion in a New Security Context*, (2003) Routledge, New York.

John Bailey and Roy Godson (editors), *Organized Crime & democratic Governability* (2003), University of Pittsburgh Press, United States of America.

Howard Ball *The USA Patriot Act. A Reference Handbook*, Contemporary world Issues, Santa Barbara, California, 2004.

Raúl Benítez-Manaut *Mexico and the New Challenges of Hemispheric Security*, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, Washington, D.C., 2004.

Raúl Benítez Manaut, Andrew Selee and Cynthia J. Arnson “Frozen Negotiations. The peace process in Chiapas”, *Mexican Studies/Estudios Mexicanos*, Vol. 22, No. 1, Winter 2006, pp. 127-147.

David Bercuson, John Ferris, J.L. Granatstein, Rob Huebert, Jim Keeley (2003) *National Defense, National Interest: Sovereignty, Security and Canadian Military capability in the past 9-11 world*, Canadian Defense & Foreign Affairs Institute.

Hans Binnendijk, *Transforming America's Military*, (second printing 2003) National Defense University Press, Washington DC.

Loretta Bondi *Beyond the Border and Across the Atlantic. Mexico's Foreign and Security Policy Post-September 11<sup>th</sup>*, Center for Transatlantic Relations, The Johns Hopkins University, Washington, 2004.

Richard A. Clarke, *Against all enemies. Inside America's war on terror*, (2004) Free Press, New York.

Council on Foreign Relations Independent Task Force Report No. 53, “Building a North American Community”, 2005, pp. 1-12.

Nicholas De Genova & Ana Y. Ramos-Zayas (editors), *Latino Crossings. Mexicans, Puerto Ricans and the Politics of Race and Citizenship* (2003) Routledge, London.

Jordi Díez (editor) *Canadian and Mexican Security in the New North America. Challenges and Prospects*, Queen's University, Montreal, 2006.

S Nelson Drew (editor) *NSC-68. Forging the Strategy of Containment*, Institute for National Strategic Studies, National Defense University, Washington, D. C., 1996.

Jorge I. Domínguez and Rafael Fernández de Castro, *The United States and Mexico. Between partnership and Conflict* (2001) Routledge, London.

Francis Fukuyama, *State-Building Governance and the World Order in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century* (2004) Cornell University Press, New York.

Moufida Goucha and Francisco Rojas Aravena (Editors) *Human Security, Conflict Prevention and Peace*, UNESCO/FLACSO Chile, Santiago, 2003.

Frances Hagopian and Scott P. Mainwaring (editors), *The Third Wave of Democratization in Latin America*, (2005) Cambridge University Press, United States of America.

John Herd Thompson and Stephen J. Randall, *Canada and the United States* (1994), McGill-Queen's University Press, Montreal & Kingston.

Philip B. Heymann, *Terrorism and America. A Commonsense Strategy for a Democratic Society* (1998), MIT Press, Cambridge & London.

Russell D. Howard and Reid L. Sawyer, *Terrorism and counterterrorism. Understanding the new security environment* (2004), McGraw-Hill companies.

Samuel P. Huntington "The Hispanic Challenge", *Foreign Policy*, March-April, 2004.

H.P Klepak (editor), *Natural allies? Canadian and Mexican perspectives on International Security* (1996) Carleton University Press, Ottawa.

Richard Kohn, (2002) *The erosion of civilian control of the military on the United States*, Naval War College Review.

Kees Koonings & Dirk Kruijt, (editors) *Armed Actors. Organized Violence and State Failure in Latin America*, (2004) Zed Books, New York.

Fernando Lorenzo and Marcel Vaillant (editors), *Mercosur and the creation of the free trade area of the Americas (2005)* Woodrow Wilson Center, Washington DC.

Doris Meissner "On the Fence" *Foreign Policy*, March/April 2002.

Peter Mckenna, *Canada and the OAS: From Dilettante to Full Partner*, (1995) Carleton University Press, Ottawa.

Clark A. Murdock (lead investigator), (2004) *Beyond Goldwater-Nichols. Defense Reform for a New strategic Era*. CSIS, Washington, DC.

Douglas J. Murray & Paul R. Viotti, (editors) *The Defense Policies of Nations. A Comparative Study (1994 third edition)*, The Johns Hopkins University Press, London.

Kim Richard Nossal, *The politics of Canadian Foreign Policy* (1989), Prentice-Hall Canada Inc., Scarborough, Ontario.

Robert A. Pastor *Whirlpool. U.S. foreign Policy toward Latin America and the Caribbean*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1992,

Robert A. Pastor *Exiting the Whirlpool: U.S. Foreign Policy Toward Latin America and the Caribbean (Colorado: Westview Press, 2001, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition)*.

Pastor, Robert A. and Rafael Fernández de Castro (editors) *The Controversial Pivot: The U.S. Congress and North America*, Brookings Institution Press, Washington D.C., 1998.

Robert A. Pastor, *Toward a North American Community. Lessons from the Old World for the New* (2001), Institute for International Economics, Washington DC.

Raphael Perl, (March 2003), *Terrorism, the future and U.S foreign policy*, Congressional Research Service the Library of Congress.

David Ronfeldt et. Al. *The Zapatista Social Netwar in Mexico*, Rand Arroyo Center, Santa Monica, 1998.

Andrés Rozental and Peter H. Smith (co-chairs), *The United States and Mexico: Forging a Strategic Partnership*, (2005), Woodrow Wilson Center, COMEXI, ITAM.

Luis Rubio and Susan Kaufman Purcell (editors), *Mexico Under Fox* (2004) Lynne Rienner, Boulder-London.

Andrew Selee (editor), *Perceptions and Misconceptions in U.S.-Mexico Relations* (2005) Woodrow Wilson Center, Washington DC.

Clint E. Smith, *Inevitable Partnership. Understanding Mexico-U.S. Relations (2000)* Lynne Rienner, Boulder-London.

Steven Strasser (editor), *The 9/11 Investigations (2004)* Public Affairs, New York.

John Herd Thompson and Stephen J. Randall, *Canada and the United States (1994)*, McGill-Queen's University Press, Montreal & Kingston.

Sam Sarkesian, John Allen Williams & Stephen J. Cimbala *U.S. National Security. Policy Makers, Processes, and Politics*, Lynne Rienner Publishers, Boulder & London, 2002.

Joseph S. Tulchin & Andrew D. Selee, (editors) *Mexico's Politics and Society in Transition (2003)*, Lynne Rienner Publishers, London.

Joseph S. Tulchin & Ralph H. Espach (editors), *Latin America in the new international system*, (2000) Lynne Rienner, United States of America.

Colleta A. Youngers & Eileen Rosin (editors), (2005) *Drugs and democracy in Latin America*, Lynne Rienner Boulder-, London.

## **MAGAZINES AND DOCUMENTS**

NORTEAMERICA, Centro de Investigaciones sobre América del Norte, Center for North American Studies, UNAM, American University.

Foreign Affairs  
Foreign Affairs en Español

Magazine of the Americas, Hemisphere, titled *The Latin American Military in the New Millenium*, Volume 16, Spring 2006.

*National Strategy for Homeland Security*, (July 2002) Office of Homeland Security Washington DC.

*The responsibility to Protect. Report of the International Commission on Intervention and State Sovereignty (2001)*, Ottawa.

*The White House, (September 2002), The National Security Strategy of the United States of America*, Washington DC.

*The White House, (March 2006), The National Security Strategy of the United States of America*, Washington DC.

**RECOMMENDED:**

RESDAL *ATLAS DE LA DEFENSA EN AMERICA LATINA*, Buenos Aires, 2005.

**Web sites****United States of America**

- U.S. Government <http://www.firstgov.gov/>
- Department of Defense <http://www.defenselink.mil/>
  - Central Command <http://www.centcom.mil/sites/uscentcom1/default.aspx>
  - Northern Command <http://www.northcom.mil/>
  - Southern Command <http://www.southcom.mil/home/>
- Department of Homeland Security <http://www.dhs.gov/dhspublic/>
  - U.S. Coast Guard <http://www.uscg.mil/uscg.shtm>
  - U.S. Customs and Border Protection <http://www.cbp.gov/>
  - U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement <http://www.ice.gov/>
- Department of State <http://www.state.gov/>
- Central Intelligence Agency <https://www.cia.gov/>
- Office of the Director of National Intelligence <http://www.dni.gov/>

**Canada**

- Government of Canada [http://canada.gc.ca/main\\_e.html](http://canada.gc.ca/main_e.html)
- Canada Border Services Agency <http://www.cbsa-asfc.gc.ca/menu-e.html>
- Department of National Defence [http://www.forces.gc.ca/site/home\\_e.asp](http://www.forces.gc.ca/site/home_e.asp)
- Canadian Security Intelligence Service <http://www.csis-scrs.gc.ca/en/index.asp>
- Department Foreign Affairs and International Trade Canada <http://www.international.gc.ca/menu-en.asp>

- Washington Canadian Embassy <http://www.dfait-maeci.gc.ca/can-am/washington/menu-en.asp>

## **Mexico**

- Government of Mexico <http://www.directorio.gob.mx/>
- Secretaría de Gobernación <http://www.gobernacion.gob.mx/>
- Secretaría de Relaciones Exteriores <http://www.sre.gob.mx/>
- Secretaría de Seguridad Pública <http://www.ssp.gob.mx/application>
- Procuraduría General de la República <http://www.pgr.gob.mx/index.asp>
- Secretaría de la Defensa <http://www.sedena.gob.mx/index4.html>
- Secretaría de la Marina <http://www.semar.gob.mx/ppal.htm>

## **North America**

- North American Foreign Trade Agreement <http://www.nafta-sec-alena.org/DefaultSite/index.html>
- Security and Prosperity Partnership of North America <http://www.spp.gov/>
- North American Aerospace Defense Command <http://www.norad.mil/>

## **Academic Websites**

- Center for North American Studies <http://www.american.edu/ia/cnas/>
- Pew Hispanic Center <http://pewhispanic.org/>
- National Defense University <http://www.ndu.edu/>
- Foreign Affairs <http://www.foreignaffairs.org>
- Foreign Affairs en Español <http://www.foreignaffairs-esp.org/>
- Center for Strategic and International Studies <http://www.csis.org/>

- Washington Office on Latin America <http://www.wola.org/>
  - The 9/11 Commission Report <http://www.9-11commission.gov/report/index.htm>
- Centro de Investigaciones Sobre América del Norte. Norteamérica Magazine <http://www.cisan.unam.mx/>
- Red de Seguridad y Defensa de América Latina (RESDAL) <http://www.resdal.org>